Department of Educational Studies Feinstein School of Education and Human Development RHODE ISLAND COLLEGE

Middle Level Education 310: Teaching Early Adolescents

Course: MLED 310- 01

Credits: 3

Associate Professor: John M. Niska, Ph.D.

Dates: Spring 2009 **Location:** HBS 205

First Session – January 24 Culminating Session – May 4

Class and Office Times:

Class – Thursday from 4-6:30 P.M. Office – 222 Henry Barnard School Hours –Tuesday and Thursday 12:30–1:30 or by appointment

Phone – 456-4655 (office)

Email address – <u>iniska@ric.edu</u>

Prerequisite: CEP 215

Course Description:

Students examine dimensions of teaching and learning as they relate to the developmental issues of early adolescents. Special attention is given to the physical, psychological, intellectual, and social needs of young adolescents and the educational implications of these developmental needs for teaching and learning practices in a middle level school.

Relationship of Course to Programs:

Teaching Early Adolescents is an undergraduate course and is the first of three courses required for those students seeking the middle level certification endorsement. Its course content focuses on understanding, encouraging, and supporting the developmental needs of students in the middle level grades.

Relationship of Course to the Conceptual Framework of the Feinstein School of Education and Human Development:

The guiding principles of the course are to develop students into becoming reflective practitioners who plan, analyze, and reflect on their learning. This course aims to provide a

foundation for best professional practice by instilling knowledge of early adolescent development and issues; theoretical and practical grounding in developmentally responsive pedagogy; sensitivity and responsiveness to differences in gender, class, and culture; and the appreciation for collaboration and teaming.

Course Goals and Objectives:

The major goals of this course will be to develop an understanding of the unique learning strengths and needs of the middle level student and to examine various pedagogical responses to these strengths and needs through reflection on practice. At the end of the course students will have attained four Rhode Island Department of Education (RIDOE) Middle Level Goals (Competencies).

Course Objectives	Topic/Activity	Assessment	Rhode Island Beginning Teacher Standards	RIBTS Indicat ors	Conceptual Framework
1. Students will create a learning environment that demonstrates understanding of the emotional, social, physical and psychological development of the middle level student.	Shadowing a Student for a day Assigned Reading Class discussions	Shadow Study Rubric In-class discussions	Teachers create learning experiences using a broad base of general knowledge that reflects an understanding of the world in which we live. Teachers create instructional opportunities that reflect an understanding of how children learn and develop.	1.1 1.2 1.3 3.1 3.2 3.3	Knowledge: Human Learning and Development
2. Student will encourage and support the development of the middle level student through appropriate advising.	Purpose of Advisory Groups Weekly participation in Advisory Group in class	Journal Entries In-class discussions Participate in Advisory Group	6. Teachers create a learning environment that encourages appropriate standards of behavior, positive social interaction, active engagement in learning, and self-motivation.	6.2 6.5 6.6 6.7	Pedagogy: Theory of Practice of Teaching and Learning
3. Students will work collaboratively with colleges, parents, and administrators.	Obtaining school information on the web Communicate with teachers, principal through email and personal contact	Journal Entries Email teachers, principal prior and after school visit Participation in weekly Advisory Group	7. Teachers foster collaborative relationships with colleagues and families to support students' learning.	7.1 7.2 7.3 7.4	Professionalism: Collaboration and Advocacy
4. Students will design and implement instructional programs and related activities which create a supportive learning environment for the middle level student.	Explanation of Part Four of the Shadow Study Weekly Sponge Activities Create special programs to support students Class discussions	Part Four of the Shadow Study Journal Entries Advocacy Project	 10. Teachers reflect on their practice and assume responsibility for their own professional development by actively seeking opportunities to learn and grown as professionals. 11. Teachers maintain professional standards guided by legal and ethical principles. 	10.2 10.3 10.4 11.1 11.2 11.3 11.4 11.5	Professionalism: Collaboration and Advocacy; Professional Development

Required Texts and Readings:

Knowles, Trudy and Dave F. Brown. What Every Middle School Teacher Should Know. Second Edition. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann, 2007.

Articles on additional middle level topics as provided by the instructor at the second class.

Course Requirements:

- 1. Readings assigned as indicated in <u>Course Outline</u> and <u>Articles Provided By</u> Instructor.
- 2. Prepare a <u>STUDENT SHADOW STUDY</u>. (Due Apr. 11).
- 3. Develop an ADVOCACY PROJECT. (Due May 2).
- 4. Read the Early Adolescent Book, Our Last Best Shot.
- 5. Participate in an in-class Advisory Group.
- 6. Prepare a <u>Journal Notebook</u>. (Due the last class session).

Course Evaluation:

20% Attendance and Quality of Class Participation

30% Student Shadow or Inquiry Study

30% Advocacy Project

20% Journal Entries

Attendance and Participation:

Students are expected to be in class. If a student is absent, Dr. Niska must be notified either prior to the absence or immediately afterward. As this is an interactive class, students are expected to contribute to the discussions on a regular basis. After two class absences, any further absence will drop the final grade.

Shadow Study:

Awareness through Shadow Studies," from Stevenson's Teaching Ten to Fourteen Year Olds, conduct a shadow study of a middle level student and a middle level teacher.

Following the chapter outline, carry out the shadow study using the following as guidelines:

- ς Organize the study;
- ς Choose a focus;
- ς Make arrangements;
- ς Exit interviews—tentative format; and
- ς Arranging introductions.

Write an overview of your shadow study, observing the following framework:

- ς Formulation of questions prior to shadow study regarding adolescent development and school climate;
- ς Observations and documentation;
- ς Student or teacher observations including comments and questions;
- ς What you learned from the shadow study; and
- ς Implications for teacher who work with your subject or for the teacher for whom you shadowed.

Assistance in preparation:

ς Students will be provided with a rubric to be used in evaluating their paper and also several copies of exemplar studies done previously in Dr. Niska's classes will be made available for reading.

Advocacy Project:

Students are being asked individually or in pairs to study early adolescent issues and then to develop an advocacy project which will assist a student or small groups of students to deal with a specific issue. Time will set aside during the second week of class to discuss possible studies and provide guidance into what the project might look like.

In their final presentations students will be asked to Describe and/or Show their project; Explain why they chose this topic/project; Explain how to use this information/project in their teaching practice; and Questions form audience/participants. A rubric will be provided.

Journal:

Submit at the last class a "reflective" journal maintained throughout the semester. One entry is required each week. They should include, but not be limited to, challenges and strategies related to issues in class, discussions, assigned readings, and also what you learn about yourself. Dr. Niska will spot check your journal progress at least once during the semester. A rubric will be provided.

Course Outline

Week I. Course Overview Jan 24

Topics

- Introductions
- Review class assignments and requirements
- List student key questions and issues to be addressed in course
- Use of the Shadow Study

Read

What Every Middle School Teacher Should Know, pages 8-21

Chapters – "Awareness through Shadow Studies," Stevenson and "Diversity Among Middle School Students, Powell"

Articles- "You Want to Be a What?" Brown

Prepare

Obtain picture of self between ages 10-15

Week II. The Middle Level Learner Jan 30 and Feb. 1

Topics

- Share a picture of self
- Discuss social issues impacting middle level kids
- Determine advocacy project possibilities
- Begin group presentation work on understanding the developmental stages

Read

What Every Middle School Teacher Should Know, pages 21-23, 28-35. Article – "Using Personal Memoirs of Early Adolescence to Prepare for Teaching in the Middle Grades," Bishop and Allen-Malley

Week III. Middle Level Developmental Stages

Feb. 6 and 7

Topics

- Presentations of the developmental stages
- Update on both Shadow Study Plans and Advocacy Project

Read

What Every Middle School Teacher Should Know, pages 107-113.

Article – "How Does the Brain Develop," D'Arcangelo and "Losing Your Mind: The Function of the Brain Cells," Sprenger

Week IV. Learning Process in School

Feb. 13 and 15

Topics

- The Thinking Brain: Basic Brain Facts
- Characteristics of Good Thinking

Read

Articles – "How Experts Differ from Novices," National Research Council

Week V. Knowledge in Thinking

Feb. 20 and 22

- **Topics** "Beginner's mind"
 - Expert thinking
 - Developing competence
 - Thinking and Intelligence

Read

Article – "Implications of Brain research for Teaching Young Adolescents," Wilson and Horch

Week VI.

Ability and Motivation

Feb. 27 and Mar 1

Topics

- Adolescent Goals
- Self-protective Attributions for Success and Failure
- Personal Efficacy

Week VII.

Changes in Behavior

Mar. 6 and 8

Topics

- From Contingency Management to Self-Management
- Social Modeling and Observational Learning
- **Developing Cognitive Structures**

Read

What Every Middle School Teacher Should Know, pages 23-28.

As the week of March 12th is RIC's Spring Recess, there will be no classes.

Week VIII.

Learning As Constructing Relationships

Mar. 20 and 22

Topics

Family Relationships

- Parenting Techniques
- Peer Relationships and Friendships

Read

Article – "Alpha Girls Wield the Real Power in Middle School", Sessions Stepp

Week IX. Social and Cultural Influences

Mar. 27 and 29

Topics

- Nature of socialization
- Cross-cultural and socioeconomic comparisons

Read

What Every Middle School Teacher Should Know, pages 114-123.

Week X. The Teachers' Roles

Apr. 3 and 5

Topics

- Teaching in a middle school
- Teacher as an instructional manger
- Teacher as expert learner
- Teacher as caring mentor

Read

What Every Middle School Teacher Should Know, Chapter 4

Prepare

Student Shadow Study Paper

Week XI. Sharing Shadow Studies

Apr. 10 and 12

Topics

Share Shadow Studies in groups

Read

What Every Middle School Teacher Should Know, Chapter 4 and "Expecting, Accepting, and Respecting Differences in Middle School," Olafson and Latta

Week XII. Development of Ambience

Apr. 17 and 19

Topics

- The physical environment
- Nature of classroom discourse
- Developing a cultural of caring

Read

What Every Middle School Teacher Should Know, Chapter 5, 7, and 8

Week XIII. Developing Pedagogy

Apr. 24 and 26

Topics

- Components of a middle school
- Grouping for success
- Ensuring firsthand learning
- Organizing for responsibility and accountability

- Using technology in instruction
- Modeling a student-led conference
- "What assets do kids need? Research from the Search Institute, Minneapolis, MN

Read

"Living and Teaching Young Adolescents: A Teacher's Perspective," Wormeli

Prepare

Advocacy Project Paper

Week XV. Wrapping It Up!

May 1 and 3

Topics

- Share Advocacy Projects
- Turn in semester's journal entries
- Complete course and instructor evaluation

Recommended References:

Beane, James A. and Richard P. Lipka. *Self Concept, Self Esteem and the Curriculum*. New York, NY: Teachers' College Press, 1980.

Bergstrom, Ken, Penny Bishop, and Judy Carr. Living and Learning in the Middle Grades: The Dance Continues. Westerville, OH: National Middle School Association, 2001.

Carnegie Council on Adolescent Development. *Great Transitions: Preparing Adolescents for the 21st Century.* New York, NY: Carnegie Corporation, 1995.

Dupoux, Emmanuel. Language, Brain, and Cognitive Development. London, England: MIT Press, 2001.

Eccles, J., C. Midgley, A. Wigfield, C. Buchanan, D. Reuman, C. Flanagan, and D. MacIver. Development During Adolescence: The Impact of Stage-environment Fit on Young Adolescents' Experience in Schools and Families. *American Psychologist*, 48, 90-101.

Gullotta, Thomas, Gerald Adams, and Carol Markstrom. *The Adolescent Experience*. San Diego, CA: Academic Press, 2000.

Gurian, Michael. Boys and Girls Learn Differently. San Francisco, CA: Jossey-Bass, 2001.

Howard, Pierce. The Owner's Manual for the Brain. Atlanta, GA: Bard Press, 2001.

Jackson, Anthony and Gayle Davis. *Turning Points 2000: Educating Adolescents in the 21st Century.* New York, NY: Teachers' College, Columbia University, 2000.

Kindlon, Dan and Michael Thompson. Raising Cain: Protecting the Emotional Life of Boys. New York, NY: Ballatine Books, 1999.

Lipsitz, Joan. Growing Up Forgotten. New Brunswick, NJ: Transition Books, 1980.

National Research Council. *How People Learn: Brain, Mind, Experience, and School.* Washington, D.C.: National Academy Press, 2000.

National Research Council. *How People Learn: Bridging Research and Practice.* Washington, D.C.: National Academy Press, 2000.

Pipher, Mary. Reviving Ophelia: Saving the Selves of Adolescent Girls.

New York, NY: Riverhead Books, 1994.

Santrock, John. Adolescence. Boston, MA: McGraw-Hill, 1998.

Stepp, Laura Sessions. Our Last Best Shot: Guiding Our Children Through Adolescence. New York, NY: Riverhead Books, 2000.

Thompson, Michael and Catherine O'Neil Grace. Best Friends, Worst Enemies: Understanding the Social Lives of Children. New York: Ballantine Books, 2001.

Watson, Charles R. Middle School Case Studies: Challenges, Perceptions, and Practices. Upper Saddle River, NJ: Prentice-Hall, Inc., 1997.

Websites:

Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development. (ASCD) www.ascd.org

Education Week. (Ed Week) www.edweek.org

International Society For Technology In Education. (ISTE) www.iste.org

National Middle School Association. (NMSA) www.nmsa.org

National Staff Development Council. (NSDC) www.nsdc.org

New England League of Middle Schools. (NELMS) www.nelms.org

Rhode Island Department of Education. (RIDE) www.infoworks.ride.uri.edu

Search Institute. www.search-institute.org